

第74回NM-GCOE也至于一

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~Histone demethylase JMJD2B/KDM4B functions as a co-factor of estrogen receptor~









- ER(エストロジェン レセプター)が JMJD2B 脱メチル化を介して乳がんを 制御しているという研究でした。エピジェ ネティック制御の基礎的な部分から解 説いただき、大変わかりやすかったで す。
- イントロがとても丁寧で、研究の目的 や意義がとてもわかりやすいと感じました。H3K9の脱メチル化酵素 JMJD2B が ER(+)の癌に重要だということを、細胞 やマウスを用いて調べ、大変興味深かったです。

Estrogen is a key regulator of normal function of female reproductive system and plays a pivotal role in the development and progression of breast cancer. The estrogen signaling pathway is a reliable therapeutic target for estrogen-receptor (ER) positive subtype of breast cancer. Nowadays, understanding of how ER regulates transcription is key to overcoming resistance to existing selective ER modulators (SERMs) and identifying novel therapeutic targets. Prof. Okada introduced their research that will largely contribute to find out a potential therapeutic target in breast cancer. He demonstrated that JMJD2B (also known as KDM4B) constitutes a key component of the estrogen signaling pathway. JMJD2B is expressed in a high proportion of human breast tumors, and that expression levels significantly correlate with ER positively. In addition, 17-beta-estradiol (E2) induces JMJD2B expression in an ER α dependent manner. JMJD2B is recruited to ER lpha target sites, demethylates H3K9me3 and facilitates transcription of ER positive genes. It's very important process because of that abnormal methylation of histones by methyltransferases have been implicated in various cancers. Finally, Prof. Okada mentioned that the intensive studies of how nuclear receptors transmit ligand binding signals have identified several distinct multiprotein complexes. We all devoutly hope that these explorations will eventually identify

therapeutic targets and prognostic markers for human cancers.

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参加者の感想







